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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/816,000	04/02/2004	James Vogeley	4209-26	7279
23117	7590 04/25/2006		EXAM	INER
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC			RODRIGUEZ, WILLIAM H	
901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR ARLINGTON, VA 22203		LOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		3746	

DATE MAILED: 04/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/816,000	VOGELEY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	William H. Rodriguez	3746			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror tute, cause the application to become ABANDON.	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21	February 2006.				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ TI	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-78</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-22 and 40-73 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1,7,23 and 35</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) <u>2-6,8-10,24-34,36-39 and 74-78</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers	•				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 April 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
11) I he oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form P1O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) 🔲 Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/28/06;7/6/05.		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to the amendment and remarks filed 2/21/06.

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of the species of claims 1-10, 23-39 and new claims 74-78 in the reply filed on 2/21/06 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that "a regular invention restriction would have been more appropriate". The application contains claims directed to a pump, a drive circuit and a piezoelectrically-operated apparatus. Both the drive circuit and the piezoelectrically-operated apparatus as claimed can be used for any type of device, not necessarily a pump. Therefore, the application contains inventions that are patentably distinct from each other. Therefore, the requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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3. Claim 1 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double

patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/815,978.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other

because of the following reasons.

Claim 1 of the instant application is merely broader than claim 1 of the copending

application '978. Claim 1 of the instant application recites the following elements: a pump body,

a pumping chamber, a piezoelectric actuator, a drive signal, and a drive circuit. While, claim 1

of the copending application '978 recites the following elements: a pump body, a pumping

chamber, a piezoelectric actuator, a drive signal, a drive circuit, and a memory. Thus, the

elements recited by claim 1 of the instant application are contained within claim 1 of the

copending application'978. On the other hand, claim 1 of the copending application'978 is more

specific because it has a memory. Nevertheless, the more specific claim 1 of the copending

application'978 "anticipates" the broader claim 1 of the instant application.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting

claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the

basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on

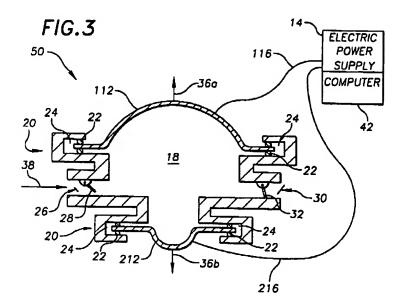
sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this

subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United

States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1, 7 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by **Bishop et** al. (US 6,071,088).



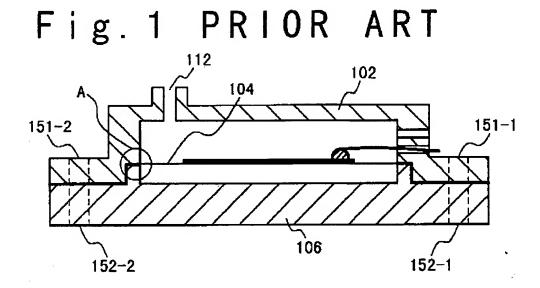
With respect to claims 1 and 35, **Bishop** teaches a pump 50 comprising: a pump body for at least partially defining a pumping chamber 18; a piezoelectric actuator 112, 212 situated in the pump body and responsive to a drive signal for pumping fluid; a drive circuit 42 which produces the drive signal and a power supply 14. **Bishop** teaches that the computer 42 serves as the drive circuit. See particularly cl. 6 ll. 36-46; cl. 8 ll. 26-30 and Figure 3.

With respect to claim 7, since **Bishop** has the same structure as claimed, it is inherent that **Bishop**'s device would be able to perform the recited method steps. See particularly cl. 6 ll. 36-46; cl. 8 ll. 26-30 and Figure 3.

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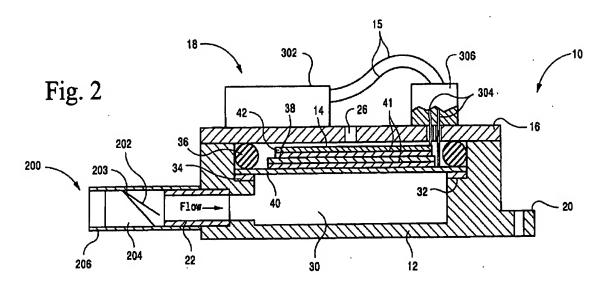
6. Claims 1, 7 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kameyama et al. (US 6,104,127).



With respect to claims 1 and 35, Kameyama teaches a pump (cl. 1 ll.34-35) comprising: a pump body for at least partially defining a pumping chamber; a piezoelectric actuator 104 situated in the pump body and responsive to a drive signal for pumping fluid; a drive circuit (cl. 1 ll. 67) which produces the drive signal, and a power supply (not shown but inherent in order to provide power to the drive circuit). See particularly Figure 1.

With respect to claim 7, since **Kameyama** has the same structure as claimed, it is inherent that **Kameyama**'s device would be able to perform the recited method steps. See particularly cl. 1 ll.34-35, cl. 1 ll. 67 and Figure 1.

7. Claims 1, 7 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by East (US 2004/0000843).



With respect to claims 1 and 35, **East** teaches a pump 10 comprising: a pump body for at least partially defining a pumping chamber; a piezoelectric actuator 14 situated in the pump body and responsive to a drive signal for pumping fluid; a drive circuit 18 which produces the drive signal, and a power supply (not shown but inherent in order to provide power to the drive circuit). See particularly Figures 2, 7a.

With respect to claim 7, since **East** has the same structure as claimed, it is inherent that **East**'s device would be able to perform the recited method steps. See particularly cl. 1 ll.34-35, cl. 1 ll. 67 and Figure 1.

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8. Claims 1, 7 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Okuyama

et al. (JP 02-248671, provided by applicant).

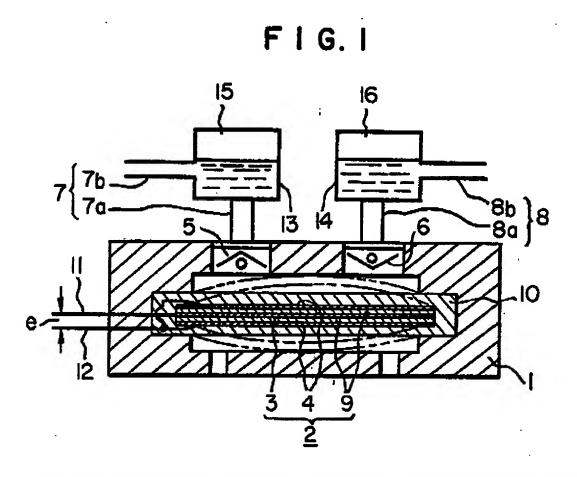
With respect to claims 1 and 35, **Okuyama** teaches a pump 1 comprising: a pump body for at least partially defining a pumping chamber; a piezoelectric actuator 2 situated in the pump body and responsive to a drive signal for pumping fluid; a drive circuit 3 which produces the drive signal, and a power supply (not shown but inherent in order to provide power to the drive circuit). See abstract and Figure provided by applicant.

With respect to claim 7, since **Okuyama** has the same structure as claimed, it is inherent that **Okuyama**'s device would be able to perform the recited method steps. See abstract and Figure provided by applicant.

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9. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Okuyama et al. (US 4,939,405).



Okuyama teaches a pump comprising: a pump body 1 for at least partially defining a pumping chamber; a piezoelectric actuator 2 situated in the pump body and responsive to a drive signal for pumping fluid; a drive circuit (3, 4, 9, 11, 12) which produces the drive signal, wherein the piezoelectric actuator 2 forms part of the drive circuit. See particularly cl 1 ll. 22-32 and Figure 1.

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Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 2-6, 8-10, 24-34, 36-39 and 74-78 are objected to as being dependent upon a

rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the

limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Contact information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to William H. Rodriguez whose telephone number is 571-272-4831.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Timothy S. Thorpe can be reached on 571-272-4444. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William H. Rodriguez 4/11/06

Primary Examiner

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